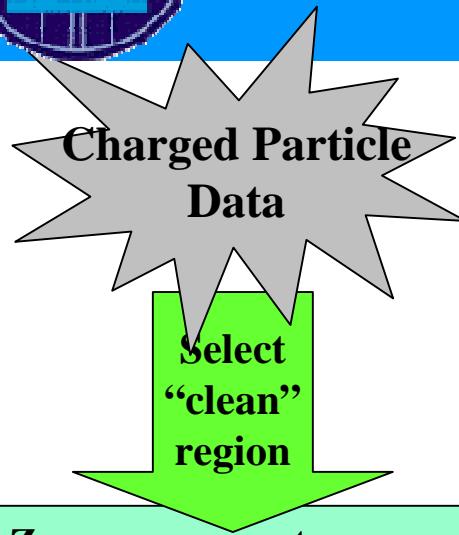




Field-Stuart-Haas Analysis



Look only at the charged particles measured by the CTC.



- Zero or one vertex
- $|z_c - z_v| < 2 \text{ cm}$, $|\text{CTC } d_0| < 1 \text{ cm}$
- Require $P_T > 0.5 \text{ GeV}$, $|\eta| < 1$
- Assume a uniform track finding efficiency of 92%
- Errors include both statistical and correlated systematic uncertainties

compare

A large green double-headed arrow labeled "compare" connects the two main analysis paths.

- Require $P_T > 0.5 \text{ GeV}$, $|\eta| < 1$
- Make an 8% correction for the track finding efficiency
- Errors (statistical plus systematic) of around 5%

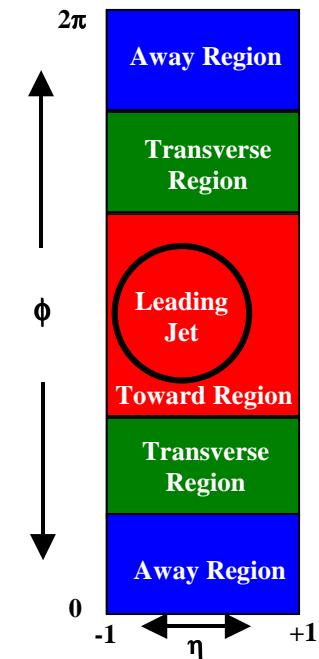
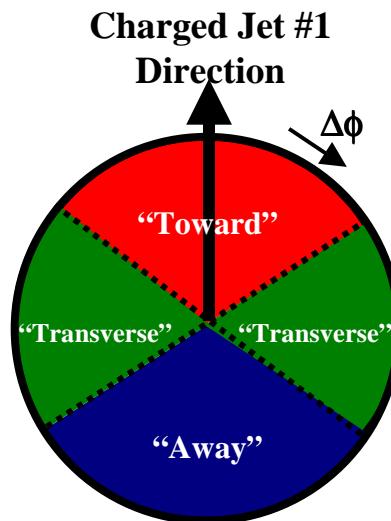
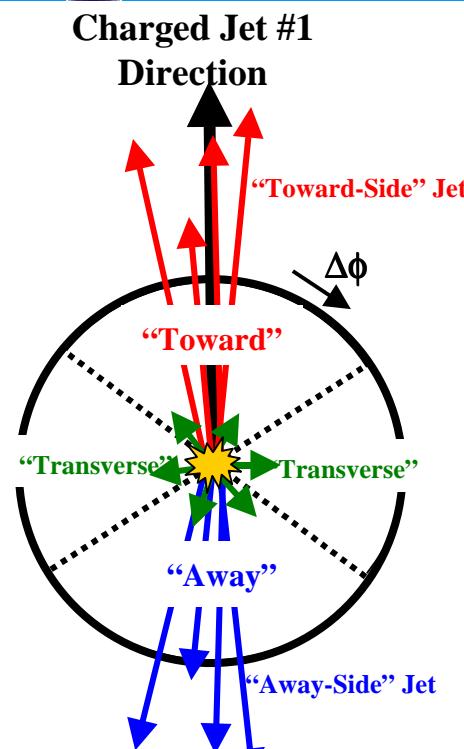
Uncorrected data

Corrected theory

Small Corrections!



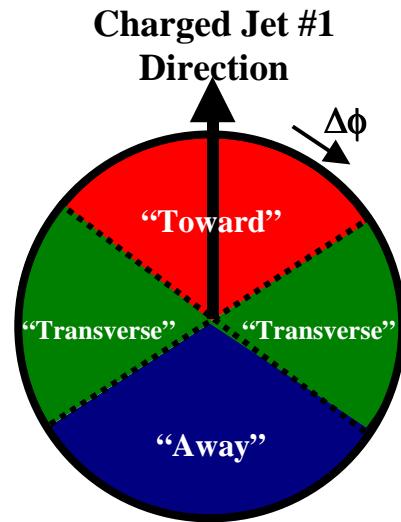
Charged Particle $\Delta\phi$ Correlations



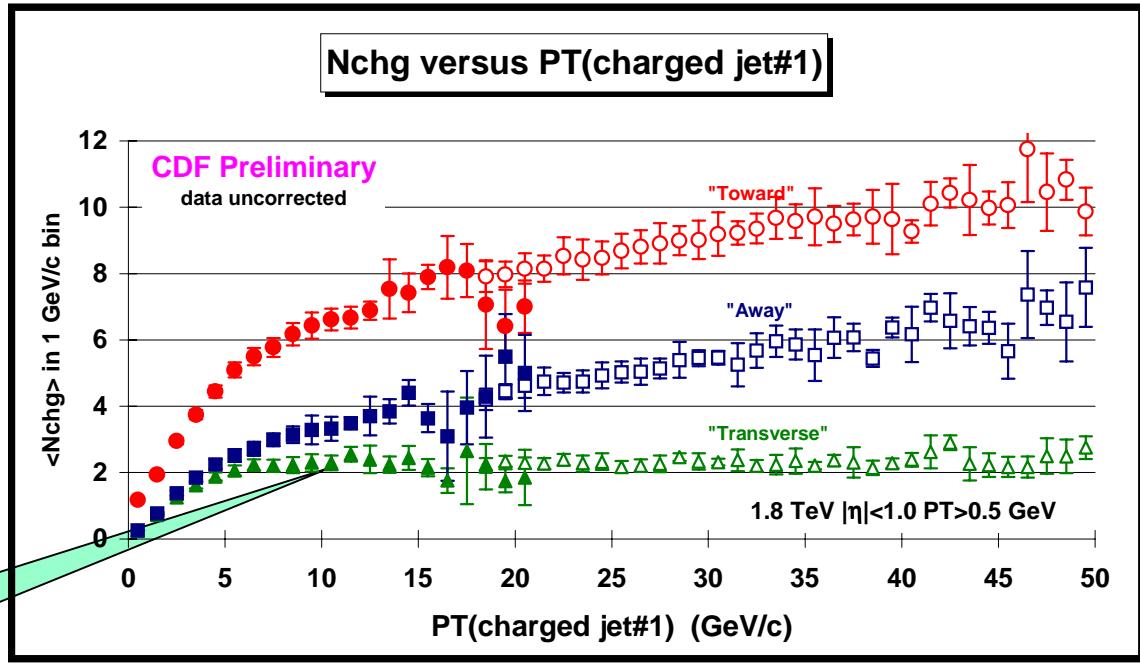
- Look at charged particle correlations in the azimuthal angle $\Delta\phi$ relative to the leading charged particle jet.
- Define $|\Delta\phi| < 60^\circ$ as "Toward", $60^\circ < |\Delta\phi| < 120^\circ$ as "Transverse", and $|\Delta\phi| > 120^\circ$ as "Away".
- All three regions have the same size in η - ϕ space, $\Delta\eta \times \Delta\phi = 2 \times 120^\circ = 4\pi/3$.



Charged Multiplicity versus $P_T(\text{chgjet}\#1)$



Underlying Event
“plateau”

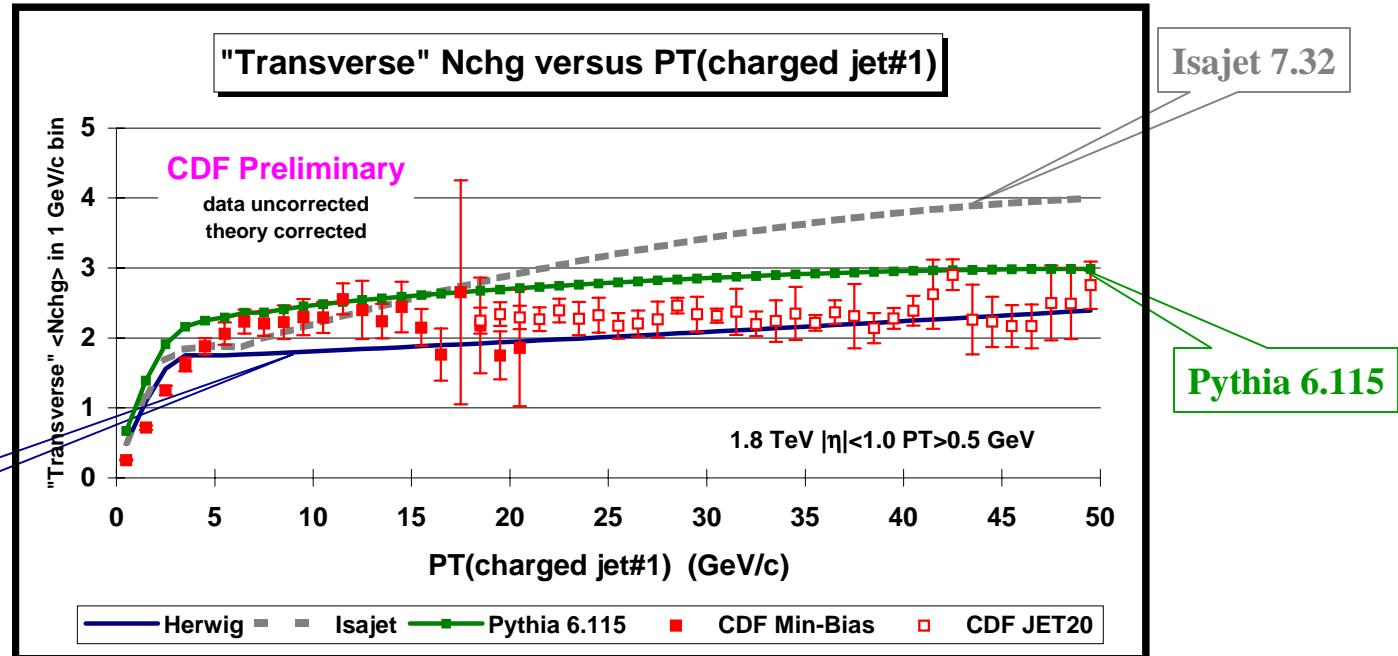
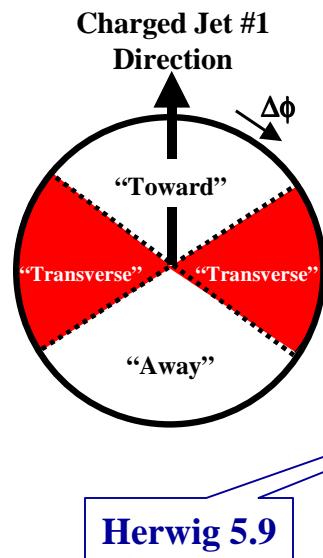


Blessed on 11/3/99

- Data on the average number of “toward” ($|\Delta\phi| < 60^\circ$), “transverse” ($60^\circ < |\Delta\phi| < 120^\circ$), and “away” ($|\Delta\phi| > 120^\circ$) charged particles ($P_T > 0.5$ GeV, $|\eta| < 1$, including jet#1) as a function of the transverse momentum of the leading charged particle jet. Each point corresponds to the $\langle N_{\text{ch}g} \rangle$ in a 1 GeV bin. The solid (open) points are the Min-Bias (JET20) data. The errors on the (uncorrected) data include both statistical and correlated systematic uncertainties.



“Transverse” Nchg versus $P_T(\text{chgjet}\#1)$

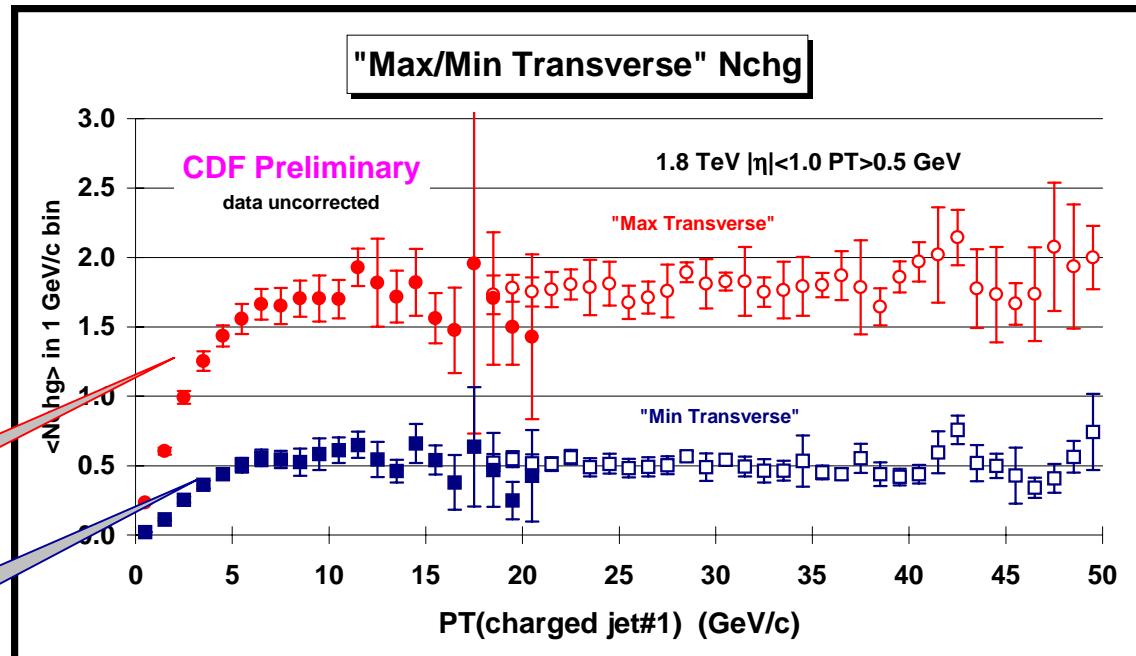
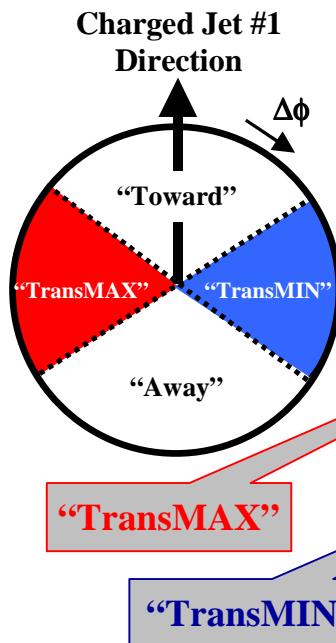


Blessed on 11/3/99

- Plot shows the “Transverse” $\langle \text{Nchg} \rangle$ versus $P_T(\text{chgjet}\#1)$ compared to the the QCD hard scattering predictions of Herwig 5.9, Isajet 7.32, and Pythia 6.115 (default parameters with $P_T(\text{hard}) > 3$ GeV/c).
- Only charged particles with $|\eta| < 1$ and $P_T > 0.5$ GeV are included and the QCD Monte-Carlo predictions have been corrected for efficiency.



“Max/Min Transverse” Nchg versus $P_T(\text{chgjet}\#1)$

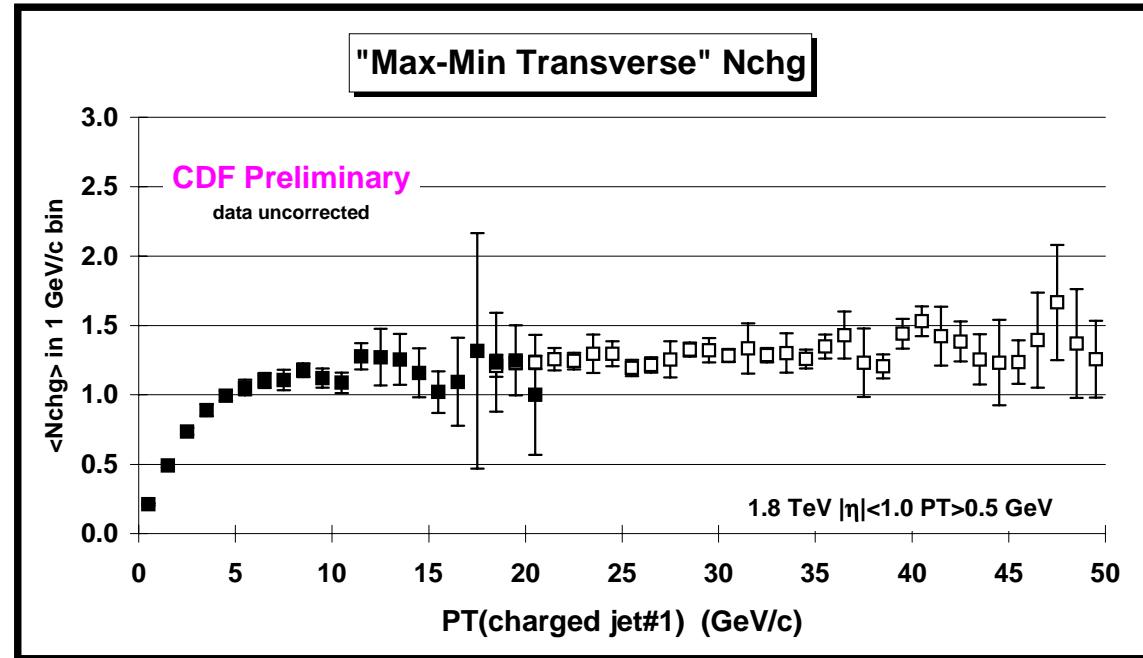
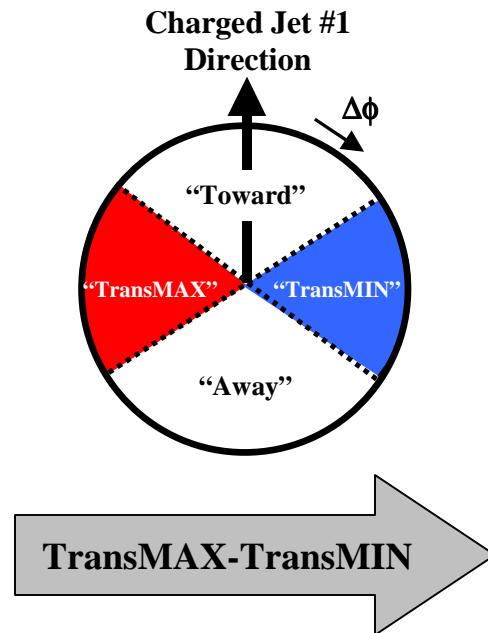


Needs Blessing

- Define “TransMAX” and “TransMIN” to be the maximum and minimum of the region $60^\circ < \Delta\phi < 120^\circ$ ($60^\circ < -\Delta\phi < 120^\circ$) on an event by event basis. The overall “transverse” region is the sum of “TransMAX” and “TransMIN”. The plot shows the average “TransMAX Nchg” and “TransMIN Nchg” versus $P_T(\text{charged jet}\#1)$.
- The solid (open) points are the Min-Bias (JET20) data. The errors on the (*uncorrected*) data include both statistical and correlated systematic uncertainties.



“Max-Min Transverse” Nchg versus $P_T(\text{chgjet}\#1)$

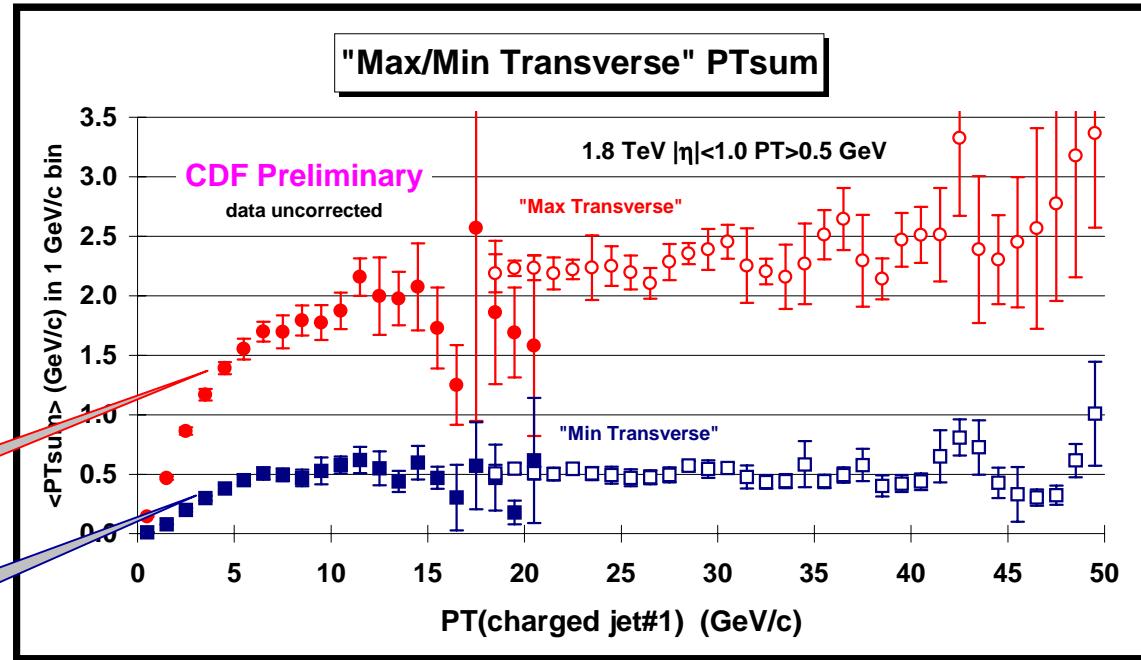
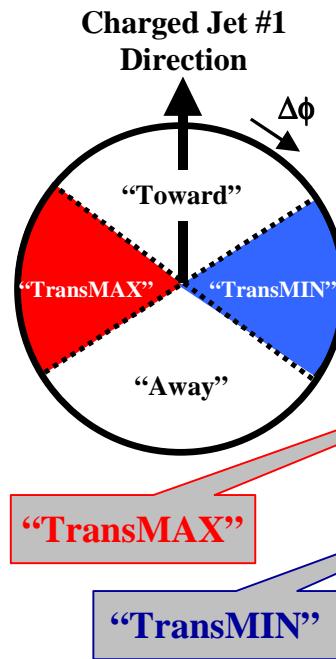


Needs Blessing

- ▶ Define “TransMAX” and “TransMIN” to be the maximum and minimum of the region $60^\circ < \Delta\phi < 120^\circ$ ($60^\circ < -\Delta\phi < 120^\circ$) on an event by event basis. The overall “transverse” region is the sum of “TransMAX” and “TransMIN”. The plot shows the average difference between “TransMAX Nchg” and “TransMIN Nchg” versus $P_T(\text{charged jet}\#1)$.
- ▶ The solid (open) points are the Min-Bias (JET20) data. The errors on the (*uncorrected*) data include both statistical and correlated systematic uncertainties.



“Max/Min Transverse” PTsum versus $P_T(\text{chgjet}\#1)$

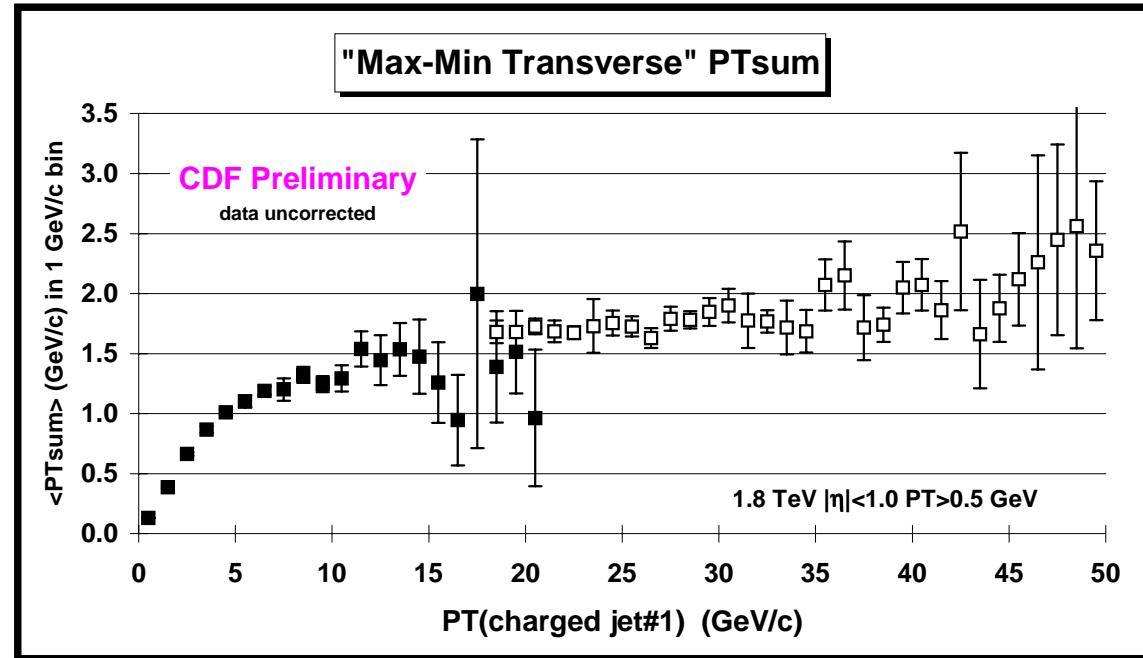
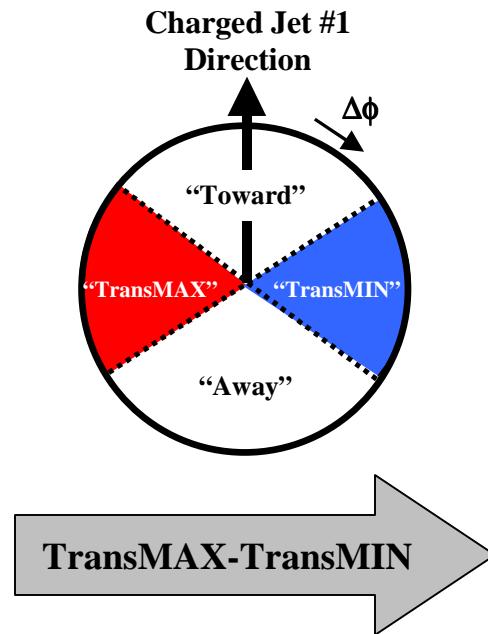


Needs Blessing

- Define “TransMAX” and “TransMIN” to be the maximum and minimum of the region $60^\circ < \Delta\phi < 120^\circ$ ($60^\circ < -\Delta\phi < 120^\circ$) on an event by event basis. The overall “transverse” region is the sum of “TransMAX” and “TransMIN”. The plot shows the average “TransMAX PTsum” and “TransMIN PTsum” versus $P_T(\text{charged jet}\#1)$.
- The solid (open) points are the Min-Bias (JET20) data. The errors on the (*uncorrected*) data include both statistical and correlated systematic uncertainties.



“Max-Min Transverse” Nchg versus $P_T(\text{chgjet}\#1)$



Needs Blessing

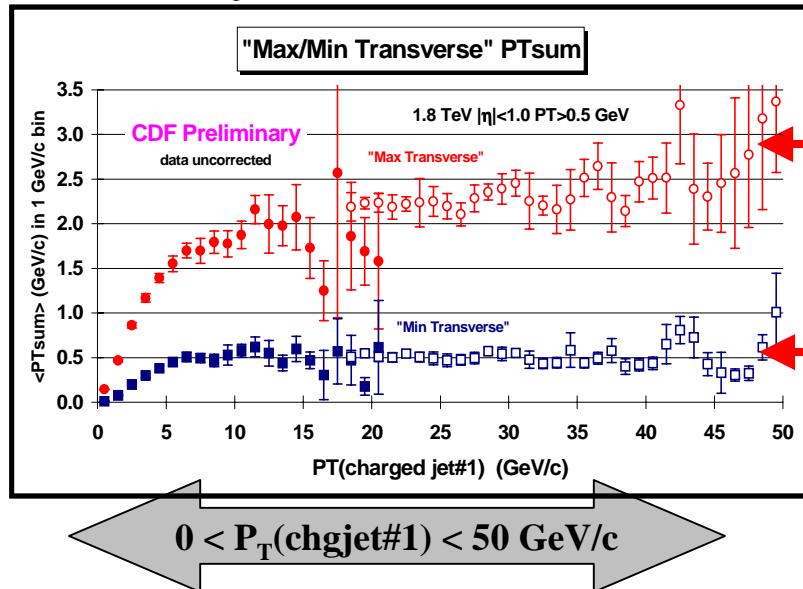
- ▶ Define “TransMAX” and “TransMIN” to be the maximum and minimum of the region $60^\circ < \Delta\phi < 120^\circ$ ($60^\circ < -\Delta\phi < 120^\circ$) on an event by event basis. The overall “transverse” region is the sum of “TransMAX” and “TransMIN”. The plot shows the average difference between “TransMAX PTsum” and “TransMIN PTsum” versus $P_T(\text{charged jet}\#1)$.
- ▶ The solid (open) points are the Min-Bias (JET20) data. The errors on the (*uncorrected*) data include both statistical and correlated systematic uncertainties.



Transverse Regions vs Transverse Cones

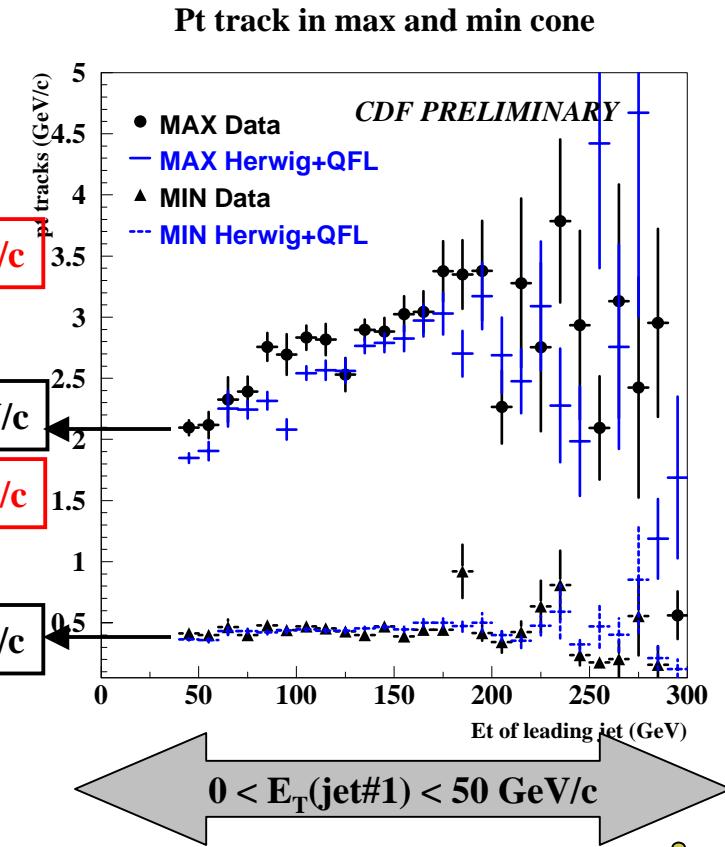


Field-Stuart-Haas



- Multiply by ratio of the areas:
Max=(2.1 GeV/c)(1.36) = 2.9 GeV/c
Min=(0.4 GeV/c)(1.36) = 0.5 GeV/c.
- This comparison is only qualitative!

Can study the “underlying event” over a wide range!



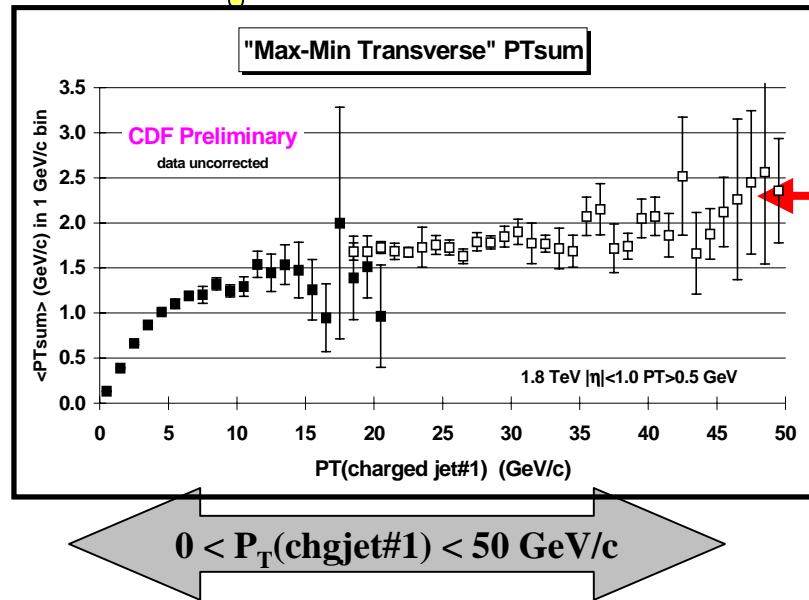
Tano-Kovacs-Huston-Bhatti



Transverse Regions vs Transverse Cones

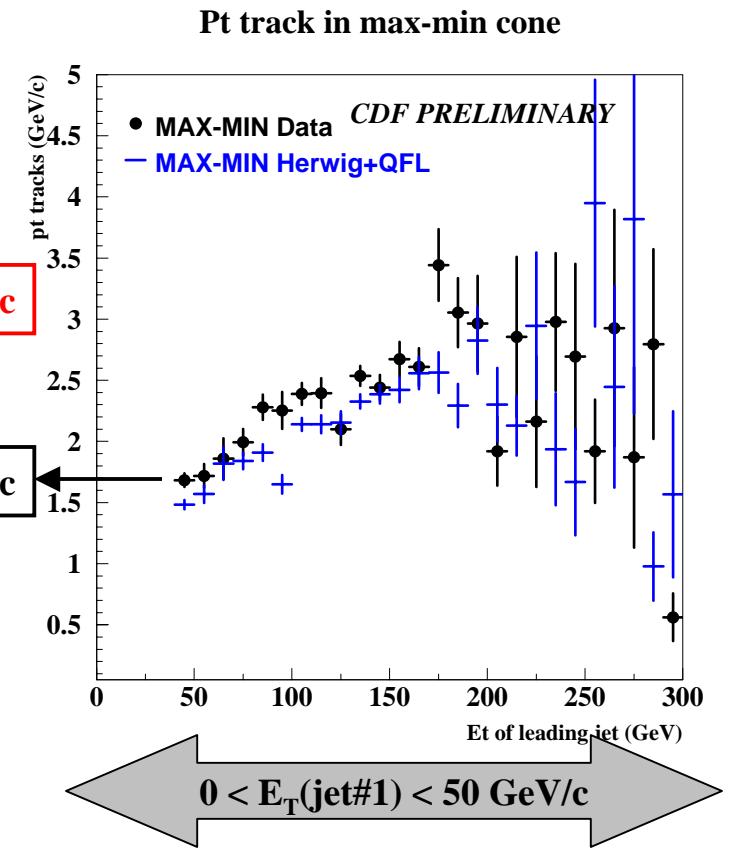


Field-Stuart-Haas



- Multiply by ratio of the areas:
 $(1.7 \text{ GeV/c})(1.36) = 2.3 \text{ GeV/c}.$
- This comparison is only qualitative!

Can study the “underlying event” over a wide range!



Tano-Kovacs-Huston-Bhatti